To: Chicago Transit Authority Board  
From: Tom McKone, Acting CFO  
Re: Financial Results for August 2015  
Date: October 12, 2015  

I. Summary

CTA's financial results for the month and year are unfavorable by $0.8 million and $1.7 million, respectively primarily due to the anticipated reduction in the State’s free and reduced fare reimbursement.

Ridership was 43.0 million for the month and was 0.1 million less than budget. Ridership for the year to date was 341.8 million and was 4.0 million less than budget.

II. Cash & Liquidity

The chart below highlights CTA's cash position at August 2015 compared to August 2014.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>AUGUST 2015</th>
<th>AUGUST 2014</th>
<th>Increase (Decrease)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unrestricted Cash</td>
<td>$148.7</td>
<td>$132.3</td>
<td>$16.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Damage Reserve</td>
<td>104.9</td>
<td>109.5</td>
<td>(4.6)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funds Owed by RTA</td>
<td>282.6</td>
<td>227.3</td>
<td>$55.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trust Portfolio Assets</td>
<td>483.0</td>
<td>764.0</td>
<td>(281.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Cash and Receivables</td>
<td>$1,019.2</td>
<td>$1,233.1</td>
<td>(213.9)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CTA's total cash/receivables balance is equal to $1.0 billion. Unrestricted cash was $16.4 million more than the prior year due to increased focus on reducing the delay in the receipt of reimbursements for capital related payments, recent insurance settlements and advance funding for capital projects. The Damage Reserve is sufficiently funded and was $4.6 million lower than last year reflecting payouts for settled claims. Funds owed by the RTA were approximately $282.6 million which was $55.3 million more than the prior year primarily due to a 5 month timing gap in State PTF (Public Transportation Funding). CTA continues to work closely with the RTA to monitor their receivable balance owed. Trust Portfolio Assets represents bond proceeds held in Trust for funding capital projects and making required debt service payments.
### III. Revenue

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fare &amp; Pass Revenue</td>
<td>$51,825</td>
<td>$180</td>
<td>$909</td>
<td>$390,498</td>
<td>$(1,322)</td>
<td>$2,074</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reduced Fare Subsidy</td>
<td>$1,180</td>
<td>$(1,180)</td>
<td>$(2,323)</td>
<td>$8,440</td>
<td>$(10,441)</td>
<td>$(5,869)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Advertising, Charter, Concessions</td>
<td>$2,440</td>
<td>$30</td>
<td>$223</td>
<td>$19,453</td>
<td>$129</td>
<td>$1,467</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Fare and pass revenue for August was favorable to budget by $0.2 million and higher than the prior year by $0.9 million. The average fare for the month was $1.21 and was $0.01 more than budget. Year-over-year fare and pass revenue increased by 1.8% in August and is 0.3% higher than budget for the month.

- Year to date fare and pass revenue was $1.3 million less than budget but was $2.1 million more than prior year. The average fare for the year to date was $1.14 per ride and is $0.01 more than budget. The year to date revenue was negatively impacted by the coldest February ever in Chicago and was the third-snowiest February on record. A strong July and August has helped bring the year to date total closer to the budgeted level.

- Reduced Fare Subsidy is $1.2 million less than budget for the month and $10.4 million less for the year to date due to the anticipated reduction in State funding for the free and reduced fare mandates. According to the July 2014 – June 2015 State budget and the proposed (but not yet approved) July 2015 – June 2016 State budget, we expect to receive approximately half of the originally budgeted amount in 2015.

- Advertising, Charter and Concessions Revenue is slightly favorable to budget for the month due to slightly higher billboard revenue than anticipated. The increase over the prior year is due to higher special contract guarantees, concession contracts, and the annual increase in vehicle and platform advertising minimum guarantee.
• Investment income was higher than budget for the month and prior year. Improved cash forecasting and a better investment strategy through security selection has increased overall yield on the investment portfolio, which is expected to continue for the remainder of FY 2015.

• Other Revenue was unfavorable to budget by $0.6 million for the month due to lower non-capital grant revenue, which is anticipated to continue until the end of the year. This revenue is offset by an equal amount in the Other Expense category. For the year to date Other Revenue is $1.2 million more than budget due to additional rental and parking lot revenue. The year to date is lower than prior year due to a one-time sale of property in 2014 and lower scrap metal prices.

• Total System-Generated Revenue was $1.5 million and $9.9 million less than budget for the month and year primarily due to the anticipated reduction in the State's free and reduced fare subsidy. The year to date system-generated revenue is $5.1 million less than prior year primarily due to this reduction and additional one-time revenues in 2014, including the sale of property and higher non-capital grant revenues.
IV. Expenses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Current Month</th>
<th>Actual Aug-15</th>
<th>Variance to Aug15 vs. Aug14</th>
<th>Full Year</th>
<th>Actual 2015</th>
<th>Variance to 2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Labor</td>
<td>$83,886</td>
<td>$ (144)</td>
<td>$ (5,111)</td>
<td>Labor</td>
<td>$656,570</td>
<td>$9,805</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Material</td>
<td>$6,612</td>
<td>$ (530)</td>
<td>$ (438)</td>
<td>Material</td>
<td>$55,331</td>
<td>$7,181</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuel</td>
<td>$4,084</td>
<td>$ 746</td>
<td>$187</td>
<td>Fuel</td>
<td>$33,875</td>
<td>$3,403</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Labor expense was $0.1 million unfavorable to budget for the month and within 0.2% of budget. Overtime was slightly higher than anticipated due to additional special events. Labor expense is $18.9 million unfavorable to 2014 due to contractual wage rate increases, increased investments in safety oversight and facilities maintenance, and an increase in rail service in 2015.

- Material expense was unfavorable to budget for the month by $0.5 million. The unfavorable monthly variance has narrowed relative to prior months but will continue through the remainder of 2015. The additional material expense is due to more rail car mileage than budgeted, delayed vehicle overhauls due to a delay in state funding, and a slower retirement of older vehicles. The unfavorable variance to budget for the year is also due to the severe weather in February. The unfavorable variance to prior year is attributed to a reclassification of certain expenses from the Other Expenses category into the Materials category.

- Fuel for Revenue Equipment expense was $0.7 million favorable to budget for the month due to lower usage than budgeted. Fuel is conservatively budgeted in 2015 to account for additional shuttles or other service that occurs throughout the year as a result of capital projects or other impacts. Fuel expense is $3.4 million favorable to prior year to date due to lower usage and price.
- The Electric Power for Revenue Equipment expense is slightly favorable to budget for the month and expected to remain within budget for the year with occasional monthly fluctuations. Moderate weather in August helped reduce power consumption. Year to date power expense is $3.7 million lower than 2014 due to the impact of the polar vortex in 2014, which required a higher volume of power consumption, and higher prices in 2014.

- Purchase of Security Services was on par with budget for the month and slightly favorable for the year to date. Security expense was $0.8 million higher than 2014 primarily due to a one-time 2014 reclassification of charges eligible for grant reimbursement.

- Other Expenses were $0.4 million favorable to budget for the month primarily due to lower non-capital grant expense than anticipated. These expenses are offset by non-capital grant revenue for a neutral overall impact on the budget. Overall contractual and other expenses are trending as anticipated with timing of the expenses creating monthly variability. Year to date other expenses were within 0.6% of the 2015 budget and $16.1 million higher than 2014 due to the timing of contractual expenses and one-time credits received in 2014. Of the total monthly other expenses, the pension obligation bond expense is $10 million; the remaining expenses are for utilities, maintenance contracts, services, and other expenses.
Operating Expenses were $0.7 million less than budget for the month and $8.1 million more than prior year. The favorable year to date variance to budget of $8.2 million is due primarily to favorable labor, fuel and power expenses which offset unfavorable material expense.

**V. Recovery Ratio**

Recovery Ratio, which measures the percentage of operating expenses CTA funds from internally generated revenues, was 59.55% for the month. This was unfavorable to budget by 1.07 percentage points and is due to a combination of favorable variances on operating expense and unfavorable reduced fare revenue. For the year to date the recovery ratio was 55.71% and slightly unfavorable to budget.

**VI. Ridership**

Ridership for the month of August was 43.0 million and was 0.1 million less than budget but was 0.4 million more than prior year. Calendar adjusted ridership was up 1.0% from prior year.

Ridership for the year to date was 341.8 million and was 4.0 million less than budget but was 1.7 million more than the prior year to date. Calendar adjusted ridership was up 0.5% from the prior year to date.

More details on ridership can be found in the August Ridership Report.
Cash & Liquidity (con't)

**Funds Owed by RTA**

Revenue

**Fare & Pass Revenue**

**Reduced Fare Subsidy**
Revenue (cont)

**Investment Income**

**Advertising, Charter, Concession**

**Statutory Required Contribution**
Revenue (con’t)

Other Revenue

Total System Generated Revenue

Total Public Funding
Expenses

**Labor**

**Material**

**Power**
Expenses (con’t)

Fuel

Provision Injuries & Damages

Purchase of Security Services
Expenses (con't)

Other Expenses

Total Operating Expenses